WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

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- 1. A method of obtaining a digital code representative of a skin-covered body part, the method including:
- acquiring an image of the skin-covered body part, the image including a plurality of pixels, each pixel having an associated shade value in a range of shade values;
- each subset of pixels including at least two pixels having a common one of a plurality of designated shade values in the range of shade values;
- for each of a plurality of combinations of pixels taken from the pixels in the subsets of pixels, determining a geometric measure of the pixels in said combination;
- encoding the geometric measures into a digital code for the skin-covered body part.

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17 2. The method defined in claim 1, wherein said acquiring an image of the skin-18 covered body part is performed by a CMOS charge-coupled device.

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20 3. The method defined in claim 1, wherein the image is derived from a live scan of the skin-covered body part pressed onto a platen.

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4. The method defined in claim 1, wherein said identifying a plurality of subsets of pixels from the plurality of pixels includes identifying a first subset of pixels and identifying a second subset of pixels.

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- 5. The method defined in claim 4, wherein said identifying a first subset of pixels includes:
- identifying a first pixel having any of the designated shade values;
- identifying a second pixel having the same designated shade value as the first pixel;
- wherein the first subset of pixels includes said first and second pixels.

T2005-057357 and -057360 6. The method defined in claim 5, wherein said identifying a second subset of pixels 1 2 includes: 3 identifying a third pixel having any of the designated shade values; identifying a fourth pixel having the same designated shade value as the third 4 pixel; 5 6 wherein the second subset of pixels includes said third and fourth pixels. 7 7. The method defined in claim 6, wherein identifying the first pixel includes 8 9 identifying which pixel having the designated shade value is nearest a reference 10 point in the image. 11 12 8. The method defined in claim 7, wherein identifying the second pixel includes 13 identifying which pixel having the designated shade value is nearest the first pixel. 14 9. The method defined in claim 7, wherein identifying the second pixel includes 15 identifying which pixel separated from the first pixel by at least a minimum 16 distance and having the designated shade value is nearest the first pixel. 17 19

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10. The method defined in claim 7, wherein identifying the second pixel includes identifying which pixel having the designated shade value is second nearest the reference point.

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11. The method defined in claim 7, wherein identifying the second pixel includes identifying which pixel separated from the first pixel by at least a minimum distance and having the designated shade value is second nearest the reference point.

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28 12. The method defined in claim 11, wherein the reference point is a center of the 29 image.

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31 13. The method defined in claim 11, wherein the reference point is a corner of the 32 image.

1	14. The method defined in claim 11, wherein the reference point is a salient feature of
2	the image.
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4	15. The method defined in claim 14, further including identifying the salient feature of
5	the image.
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7	16. The method defined in claim 1, further including consulting a database to obtain
8	the designated shade values.
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10	17. The method defined in claim 1, wherein the plurality of designated shade values
11	are pre-determined and independent of the image.
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13	18. The method defined in claim 1, further including selecting the plurality of
14	designated shade values on a basis of a characteristic of the image.
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16	19. The method defined in claim 1, wherein the designated shade values are grayscale
17	values.
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19	20. The method defined in claim 1, wherein the range of shade values includes 256
20	grayscale values.
21	
22	21. The method defined in claim 1, wherein each said combination of pixels includes
23	a respective first pixel and a respective second pixel, and wherein determining a
24	geometric measure of the pixels in a particular one of the plurality of
25	combinations includes determining a distance between the respective first pixel
26	and the respective second pixel.
27	
28	22. The method defined in claim 21, wherein said determining a distance between the
29	respective first pixel and the respective second pixel includes determining a
30	number of pixels separating the respective first pixel and the respective second
31	pixel.
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33	23. The method defined in claim 21, wherein said determining a distance between the
34	respective first pixel and the respective second pixel includes determining a first

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1	number of pixels separating the respective first pixel and the respective second
2	pixel along a first direction and determining a second number of pixels separating
3	the respective first pixel and the respective second pixel along a second direction
4	orthogonal to the first direction.
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6	24. The method defined in claim 1, wherein each said combination of pixels includes
7	at least three respective pixels.
8	
9	25. The method defined in claim 24, wherein determining a geometric measure of the
10	pixels in a particular one of the plurality of combinations includes determining an
11	average distance among all pairs of the at least three respective pixels.
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13	26. The method defined in claim 24, wherein determining a geometric measure of the
14	pixels in a particular one of the plurality of combinations includes determining an
15	area of a polygon constructed from the at least three respective pixels.
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17	27. The method defined in claim 24, wherein determining a geometric measure of the
18	pixels in a particular one of the plurality of combinations includes determining an
19	average distance to a center of mass of the at least three respective pixels.
20	
21	28. The method defined in claim 1, wherein each combination of pixels includes a
22	plurality of pixels taken from the same subset of pixels.
23	
24	29. The method defined in claim 1, wherein all the pixels in a particular one of the
25	combinations of pixels are taken from the same subset of pixels.
26	
27	30. The method defined in claim 1, wherein each combination of pixels includes at
28	least two pixels taken from different subsets of pixels.
29	
30	31. The method defined in claim 1, wherein said encoding the geometric measures
31	into a digital code includes concatenating the geometric measures into the digital
32	code.
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1	32. The method defined in claim 1, further including encoding the designated shade
2	values into the digital code.
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4	33. The method defined in claim 1, further including encrypting the digital code.
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6	34. The method defined in claim 1, wherein the skin-covered body part includes a
7	finger tip.
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9	35. The method defined in claim 1, wherein the skin-covered body part does not
10	includes a finger tip.
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12	36. The method defined in claim 1, wherein the skin-covered body part includes a
13	nose tip.
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15	37. The method defined in claim 1, wherein the skin-covered body part includes a
16	palm of a hand.
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18	38. The method defined in claim 1, wherein the skin-covered body part includes an
19	ear.
20	
21	39. A computer-readable storage medium containing a program element for execution
22	by a computing device to implement a method of obtaining a digital code
23	representative of a skin-covered body part, the program element including:
24	- program code means for acquiring an image of the skin-covered body part, the
25	image including a plurality of pixels, each pixel having an associated shade
26	value in a range of shade values;
27	- program code means for identifying a plurality of subsets of pixels from the
28	plurality of pixels, each subset of pixels including at least two pixels having a
29	common one of a plurality of designated shade values in the range of shade
80	values;
1	- program code means for determining, for each of a plurality of combinations
2	of pixels taken from the pixels in the subsets of pixels, a geometric measure of
3	the pixels in said combination;

1	- program code means for encoding the geometric measures into a digital code
2	for the skin-covered body part.
3	
4	40. An apparatus for obtaining a digital code representative of a skin-covered body
5	part, the apparatus including:
6	- means for acquiring an image of the skin-covered body part, the image
7	including a plurality of pixels, each pixel having an associated shade value in a
8	range of shade values;
9	- means for identifying a plurality of subsets of pixels from the plurality of
10	pixels, each subset of pixels including at least two pixels having a common
11	one of a plurality of designated shade values in the range of shade values;
12	- means for determining, for each of a plurality of combinations of pixels taken
13	from the pixels in the subsets of pixels, a geometric measure of the pixels in
14	said combination;
15	- means for encoding the geometric measures into a digital code for the skin-
16	covered body part.
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18	41. An apparatus operative to control a state of an access point, including:
19	- a biometric module adapted to acquire an image of a skin-covered body part
20	submitted thereto;
21	- a processing module adapted for:
22	- responsive to acquisition of an image by the biometric module, producing
23	a candidate code based on geometric measures of respective combinations
24	of pixels taken from a plurality of subsets of like-shaded pixels in the
25	image;
26	- causing a comparison to be performed between the candidate code and a
27	set of references codes;
28	- responsive to receipt of a signal indicative of the comparison yielding a
29	match between the candidate code and one of the reference codes, sending
30	a release signal to a restraint mechanism to cause the restraint mechanism
31	to release the access point.
32	

- 1 42. The apparatus defined in claim 41, wherein said producing a candidate code based 2 on geometric measures of respective combinations of pixels taken from a plurality 3 of subsets of like-shaded pixels in the image includes:
 - identifying a plurality of subsets of pixels from the plurality of pixels, each subset of pixels including at least two pixels having a common one of a plurality of designated shade values;
 - for each of a plurality of combinations of pixels taken from the pixels in the subsets of pixels, determining a geometric measure of the pixels in said combination;
 - encoding the geometric measures into said candidate code.

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12 43. The apparatus defined in claim 41, wherein the access point is one of a door, a turnstile, a window, a vault, a revolving door, an elevator and a gate.

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15 44. The apparatus defined in claim 41, further including a memory for storing the set of reference codes.

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45. The apparatus defined in claim 44, wherein said causing a comparison to be performed between the candidate code and a set of reference codes includes effecting a comparison between the candidate code and the set of reference codes stored in the memory.

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23 46. The apparatus defined in claim 45, wherein the processing module is further adapted for receiving the set of reference codes from an external device.

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47. (A) The apparatus defined in claim 41, further including a communication interface.

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48. The apparatus defined in claim 47, wherein said causing a comparison to be performed between the candidate code and a set of reference codes includes sending the candidate code to a management entity via the communication interface for comparison at the management entity of the candidate code with the set of reference codes.

ı	49. The apparatus defined in claim 48, wherein said sending the candidate code is
2	performed at least partly over a wireless link.
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4	50. The apparatus defined in claim 48, wherein said sending the candidate code is
5	performed at least partly over a wired link.
6	
7	51. The apparatus defined in claim 41, wherein the processing module is further
8	adapted for:
9	- responsive to receipt of a signal indicative of the comparison yielding no
10	match between the candidate code and any of the reference codes,
11	generating an alarm signal.
12	
13	52. The apparatus defined in claim 47, wherein the processing module is further
14	adapted for:
15	- responsive to receipt of a signal indicative of the comparison yielding no
16	match between the candidate code and any of the reference codes,
17	generating an alarm signal and sending the alarm signal via the
18	communication interface towards a destination.
19	
20	53. The apparatus defined in claim 52, wherein the alarm signal is sent at least partly
21	over a wireless link.
22	
23	54. The apparatus defined in claim 52, wherein the alarm signal is sent at least partly
24	over a wired link.
25	
26	55. The apparatus defined in claim 52, wherein the destination is a security agent or a
27	security desk.
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29	56. The apparatus defined in claim 41, wherein the biometric module includes a platen
30	designed to receive the skin-covered body part.
31	57 The appropriate 1 C 1: 1: 80 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
32	57. The apparatus defined in claim 56, wherein the skin-covered body part includes a
33	finger tip.
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1	58. The apparatus defined in claim 56, wherein the skin-covered body part does not
2	includes a finger tip.
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4	59. The apparatus defined in claim 56, wherein the skin-covered body part includes a
5	nose tip.
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7	60. The apparatus defined in claim 56, wherein the skin-covered body part includes a
8	palm of a hand.
9	·
10	61. The apparatus defined in claim 56, wherein the skin-covered body part includes an
11	ear.
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13	62. The apparatus defined in claim 41, further including a communication interface
14	connected to a management entity by a cable.
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16	63. The apparatus defined in claim 62, wherein the cable supplies electrical power to
17	the apparatus.
18	
19	64. The apparatus defined in claim 63, wherein the cable is an Ethernet cable.
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21	65. The apparatus defined in claim 47, wherein sending the release signal is
22	performed via the communication interface.
23	
24	66. The apparatus defined in claim 65, wherein the release signal reaches the restraint
25	mechanism at least partly over a wireless link.
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27	67. The apparatus defined in claim 65, wherein the release signal reaches the restraint
28	mechanism at least partly over a wired link.
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30	68. The apparatus defined in claim 41, incorporated into a door.
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32	69. The apparatus defined in claim 41, further including the restraint mechansim.
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70. The apparatus defined in claim 69, incorporated into a door.

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submitted thereto;

- a processing module adapted for:

- an output device;

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2	71. A method of controlling a state of an access point, including:
3	- responsive to acquisition of an image of a skin-covered body part submitted to
4	a biometric module, producing a candidate code based on geometric measures
5	of respective combinations of pixels taken from a plurality of subsets of like-
6	shaded pixels in the image;
7	- causing a comparison to be performed between the candidate code and a set of
8	references codes;
9	- responsive to receipt of a signal indicative of the comparison yielding a match
10	between the candidate code and one of the reference codes, sending a release
11	signal to a restraint mechanism to cause the restraint mechanism to release the
12	access point.
13	
14	72. An apparatus for controlling a state of an access point, including:
15	- means responsive to acquisition of an image of a skin-covered body part
16	submitted to a biometric module, for producing a candidate code based on
17	geometric measures of respective combinations of pixels taken from a
18	plurality of subsets of like-shaded pixels in the image;
19	- means for causing a comparison to be performed between the candidate code
20	and a set of references codes;
21	- means responsive to receipt of a signal indicative of the comparison yielding a
22	match between the candidate code and one of the reference codes, for sending
23	a release signal to a restraint mechanism to cause the restraint mechanism to
24	release the access point.
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26	73. An apparatus including:
27	- a communication interface capable of communication with a management
28	entity over a network;
29	- a biometric module adapted to acquire an image of a skin-covered body part

- releasing a prompting signal via the output device, the prompting signal prompting submission of a skin-covered body part at the biometric module;
 - responsive to acquisition of an image by the biometric module further to releasing the prompting signal, producing a candidate code based on geometric measures of respective combinations of pixels taken from a plurality of subsets of like-shaded pixels in the image;
 - releasing the candidate code via the communication interface for comparison at the management entity with an expected code, thereby to verify presence of a person associated with the expected code.

- 74. The apparatus defined in claim 73, wherein said producing a candidate code based on geometric measures of respective combinations of pixels taken from a plurality of subsets of like-shaded pixels in the image includes:
 - identifying a plurality of subsets of pixels from the plurality of pixels, each subset of pixels including at least two pixels having a common one of a plurality of designated shade values;
 - for each of a plurality of combinations of pixels taken from the pixels in the subsets of pixels, determining a geometric measure of the pixels in said combination;
 - encoding the geometric measures into said candidate code.

75. The apparatus defined in claim 73, wherein the processing module is further adapted for receiving a presence verification signal from the management entity.

76. The apparatus defined in claim 75, wherein said releasing a prompting signal is performed in response to receipt of the presence verification signal.

77. The apparatus defined in claim 76, wherein the network is the public switched telephone network.

78. The apparatus defined in claim 77, wherein the communication interface includes a modem.

1	79. The apparatus defined in claim 73, wherein the processing module is further
2	adapted for generating a presence verification signal.
3	
4	80. The apparatus defined in claim 79, wherein said releasing a prompting signal is
5	performed in response to generation of the presence verification signal.
6	
7	81. The apparatus defined in claim 80, further including a memory for storing time
8	instants, and wherein the processor is further adapted for generating the presence
9	verification signal at the time instants stored in the memory.
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11	82. The apparatus defined in claim 73, wherein the output device is a loudspeaker.
12	
13	83. The apparatus defined in claim 73, wherein the biometric module includes a platen
14.	designed to receive the skin-covered body part.
15	
16	84. The apparatus defined in claim 83, wherein the skin-covered body part includes a
17	finger tip.
18	·
19	85. The apparatus defined in claim 83, wherein the skin-covered body part does not
20	includes a finger tip.
21	
22	86. The apparatus defined in claim 83, wherein the skin-covered body part includes a
23	nose tip.
24	
25	87. The apparatus defined in claim 83, wherein the skin-covered body part includes a
26	palm of a hand.
27	
28	88. The apparatus defined in claim 83, wherein the skin-covered body part includes an
29	ear.
30	
31	89. A method, including:
32	- releasing a prompting signal to prompt submission of a skin-covered body part
33	at a biometric module;

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- responsive to acquisition of an image further to releasing the prompting signal, producing a candidate code based on geometric measures of respective combinations of pixels taken from a plurality of subsets of like-shaded pixels in the image;
 - releasing the candidate code via the communication interface for comparison at the management entity with an expected code, thereby to verify presence of a person associated with the expected code.

- 90. An apparatus including:
 - means for releasing a prompting signal to prompt submission of a skin-covered body part at a biometric module;
- means responsive to acquisition of an image further to releasing the prompting signal, for producing a candidate code based on geometric measures of respective combinations of pixels taken from a plurality of subsets of likeshaded pixels in the image;
 - means for releasing the candidate code via the communication interface for comparison at the management entity with an expected code, thereby to verify presence of a person associated with the expected code.